

OVERALL GRADE

**IOWA: C+**



Iowa faces a moderate threat level compared to other states, and is educating its citizens and taking action to address current risks and assess future changes. However, the state has taken almost no action to plan and prepare for them.

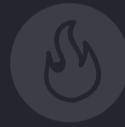
THREATS ASSESSED:



EXTREME HEAT



DROUGHT



WILDFIRE



INLAND FLOODING



COASTAL FLOODING

ACTION TAKEN:

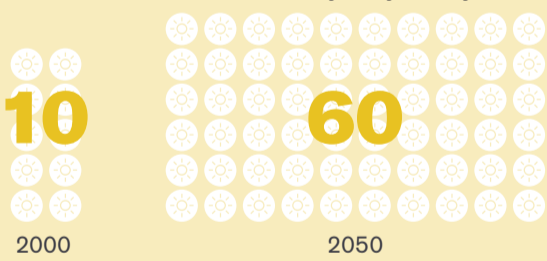
Extensive				
Strong				
Fair				
Limited				
None				
	Addressing Current Threats	Conducting Vulnerability Assessments	Planning for Adaptation	Implementing Resilience Actions



EXTREME HEAT:

**C**

HEAT WAVE DAYS ARE PROJECTED TO JUMP from 10 to 60 days a year by 2050.

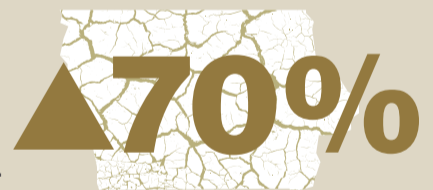


However, nearly all of Iowa's HEAT EFFORTS ARE FOCUSED ON PRESENT-DAY CONDITIONS.



DROUGHT: **C+**

Iowa's summer drought index is PROJECTED TO CLIMB 70 percent by 2050.



Though Iowa has an overall awareness of the changing drought risks, THE STATE HAS TAKEN VERY LITTLE ACTION TO ADDRESS THEM.



INLAND FLOODING:

**C**

TODAY, 5 PERCENT OF IOWA'S POPULATION – OR **150,000 PEOPLE** – is at elevated risk for inland flooding.

Iowa is working to understand its changing vulnerability but **NEEDS TO MAKE PLANS TO PROTECT AGAINST FUTURE RISK.**

This report summarizes the changing nature of threats linked to climate change and state preparedness for related risks. Learn more at:

[WWW.STATESATRISK.ORG](http://WWW.STATESATRISK.ORG)